

Monte-Carlo for Kinetic Energy of Closed Vortices as Self-Avoiding Polygons

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Gustavus Adolphus College Mathematics Honors Presentation



Overview

- 1) Model Introduction
- 2) Vortices in the Cubic Lattice
- 3) Statistical Background
- 4) Research Question and Former Work
- 5) Enumeration and Small N
- 6) New Maximum Configuration
- 7) Conclusion and Questions (Save for end)

Model Introduction



Vortices

- Rotating mass of liquid or gas in a region
- Bounded at edges
- In tornadoes, found to begin as long, straight vortices that “fold up” on themselves as they dissipate energy to their surroundings

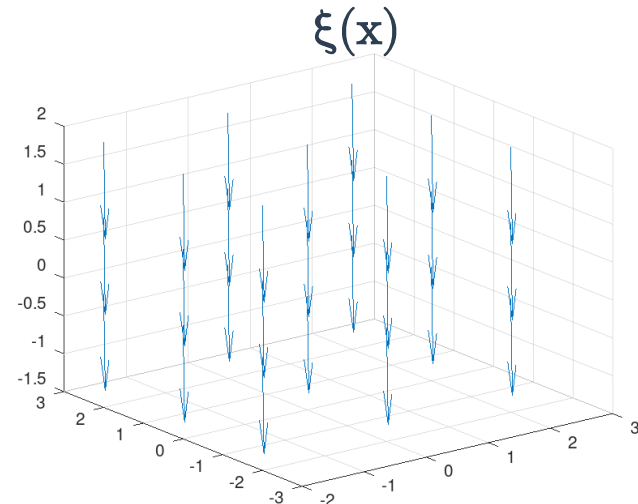
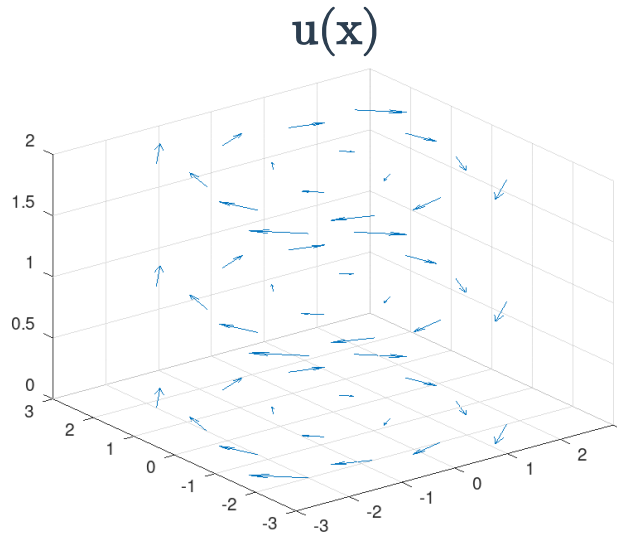


[YouTube.com/NightHawkInLight](https://www.youtube.com/NightHawkInLight)



Vorticity Field

- Given vector field of velocity field $\mathbf{u}(\mathbf{x})$, construct the **vorticity field**, $\boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{x}) := \text{curl } \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{x})$
- A **vortex** is a collection of integral curves of the vorticity field, $\boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{x})$



Energy of a Vortex

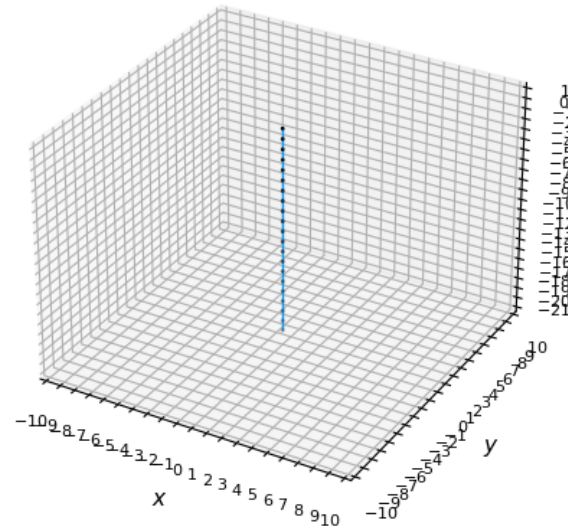
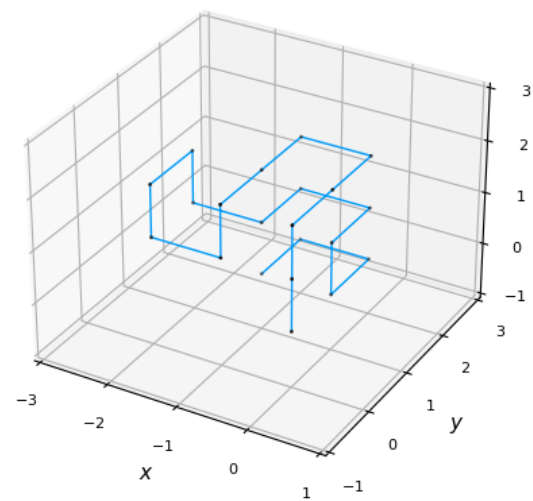
- Assume that vorticity is only non-zero in a collection of thin **vortex tubes**, τ , or if infinitely thin, **vortex filament**
- Energy of such vortex given below

$$E = \frac{1}{8\pi} \int_{\mathcal{T}} \int_{\mathcal{T}} \frac{\boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{x}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{x}')}{|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}'|} d\mathbf{x}' d\mathbf{x}.$$

- Dot product of vorticities over distance of points
- Intuition: Nearby parallel components

Modeling Idea

- Construct a vortex filament path in the cubic lattice for modeling vortices: Analyze the patterns of configurations and their energies
- Former Work: Analyzed this model on open vortices
- Studied average energies, min and max configurations, patterns as N grows

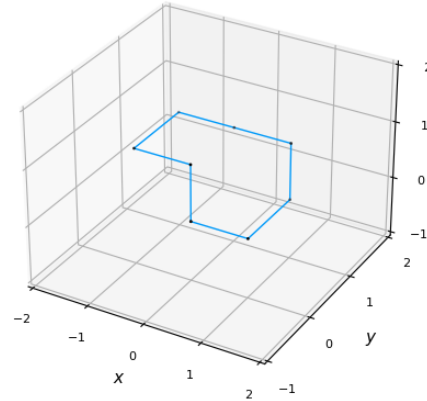
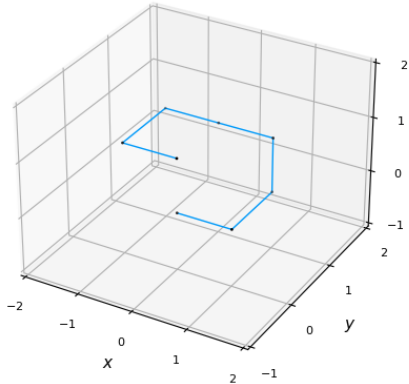


Vortices in the Cubic Lattice



Self-avoiding Walks and Polygons

- Self-avoiding walk (SAW) versus self-avoiding polygon (SAP) in \mathbb{Z}^3 :



- SAWs can model open vortices, SAPs for closed-loop vortices

Discretization of Energy Formula

- Consider our original energy formula across vortex filament τ

$$E = \frac{1}{8\pi} \int_{\mathcal{T}} \int_{\mathcal{T}} \frac{\boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{x}) \cdot \boldsymbol{\xi}(\mathbf{x}')}{|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}'|} d\mathbf{x}' d\mathbf{x}.$$

- Reduce the formula to a double sum across the SAW or SAP

$$E = \frac{1}{8\pi} \sum_i \sum_{j \neq i} \frac{\boldsymbol{\xi}_i \cdot \boldsymbol{\xi}_j}{|\mathbf{m}_i - \mathbf{m}_j|}$$

Note: Negative energy configurations



Statistical Background

Boltzmann Probability Distribution – Statistical Mechanics

- Provided a set of states with corresponding energies E_1, \dots, E_n
- Probability of achieving a single state given by

$$p_i = \frac{e^{-\beta E_i}}{Z}, \quad Z = \sum_{i=1}^n e^{-\beta E_i}$$

- β is inverse of k_B times statistical temperature T
- When $\beta=0$, each state equally likely, when $\beta>0$, lower energy configurations more likely, when $\beta<0$, high energy

- Can calculate average energy: $\hat{E} = \sum_{i=1}^n p_i E_i$

Metropolis Markov-Chain Monte Carlo

- The **Metropolis MCMC Algorithm** allows us to generate a sequence of samples and accept/reject to approximate distribution
- Given a SAP s_{t-1} , and a new proposal for sequence n_t , acceptance probability given by

$$\begin{aligned} p_t &= \min\left(\frac{f(n_t)}{f(s_{t-1})}, 1\right) \\ &= \min\left(e^{-\beta(E_{n_t} - E_{s_{t-1}})}, 1\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$f(s) = \frac{e^{-\beta E_s}}{Z}, \quad Z = \sum_{s \in SAP_N} e^{-\beta E_s}$$

Research Question and Former Work

- Former work done in modeling open tornadic vortices as SAWs
- Maximum energy configuration proven to be straight
 - Maximum energy follows $N \log(N)$ pattern where N is SAW length
- Minimum energy configurations can be tricky to find
 - Minimum energy follows linear decreasing pattern
 - Small, balled-up or folded-up configurations
 - Start point near endpoint, suggesting “wanting to close”
- **Q: How does this model hold over closed-loop vortices as SAPs?**
- **Q: Do minimum energy SAPs correspond with minimum energy SAWs**



Enumeration and Small N



Number of SAPs

- As length of configuration, N , grows, number of configurations grows exponentially
- Enumerated SAPs up to length 16 by backtracking, calculated energies directly

N	$ SAP_N $	Min Eng	Max Eng
4	3	-0.15915	-0.15915
6	22	-0.21542	-0.15233
8	207	-0.36493	0.01680
10	2 412	-0.39523	0.13567
12	31 754	-0.51877	0.34702
14	452 640	-0.59807	0.53220
16	6 840 774	-0.68339	0.78257

TABLE 1. Number of SAPs of length N from length 4 to 16 with minimum and maximum energies to five decimal points.

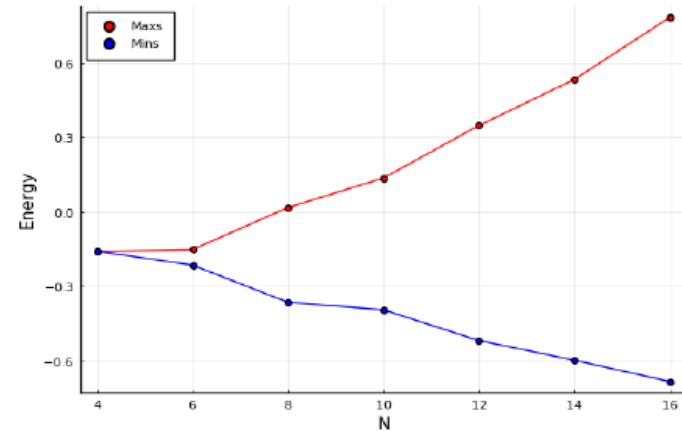


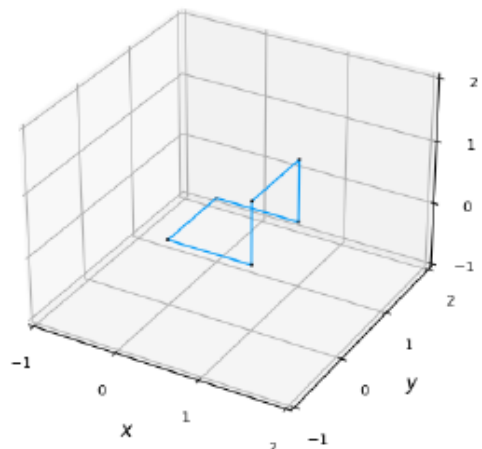
FIGURE 13. Plot of minimum and maximum energies for lengths 4 through 16.

Maximum and Minimum Configurations

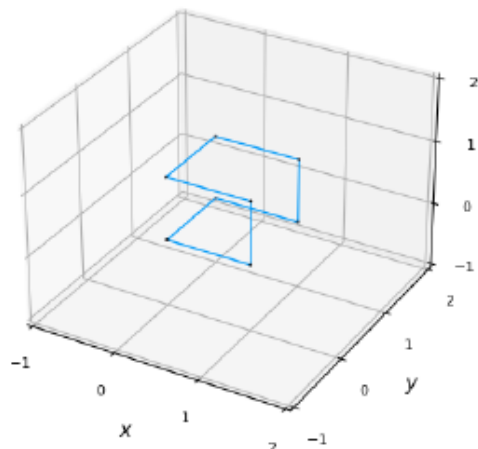
- Maximum energy configurations simple, nearest-square configuration
 - For N divisible by 4, $N/4$ by $N/4$ square
 - Otherwise, $(N-2)/4$ by $(N+2)/4$ rectangle
- Similar to SAWs, minimum energy configurations more interesting
 - Folded-up configurations
 - Seemingly linear decreasing pattern
 - Trickier to “guess”
- See configurations on next slide



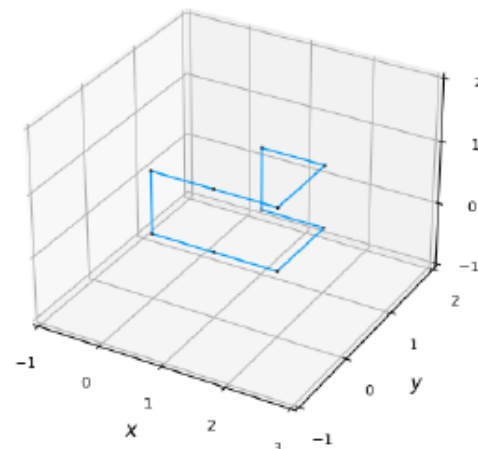
Min SAP 6



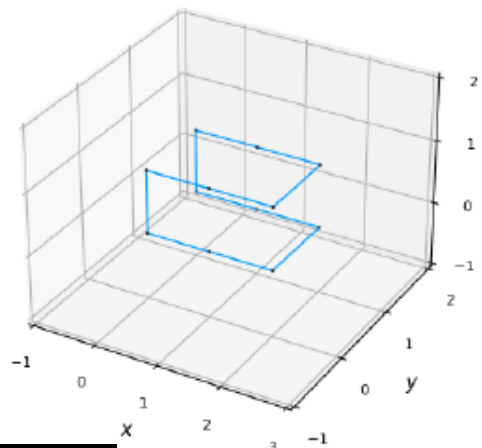
Min SAP 8



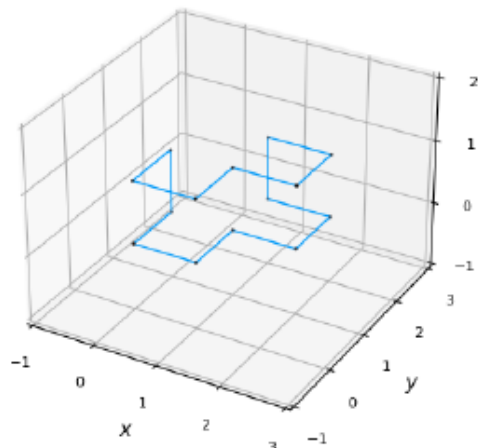
Min SAP 10



Min SAP 12



Min SAP 14



Min SAP 16

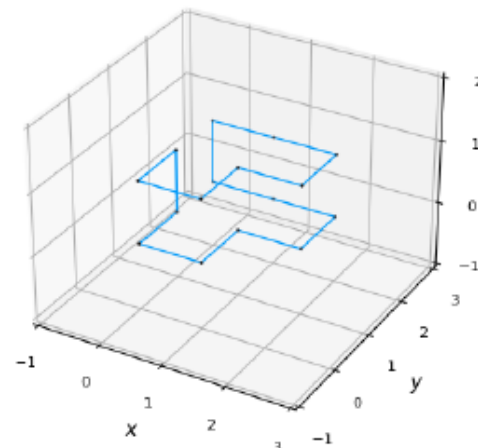
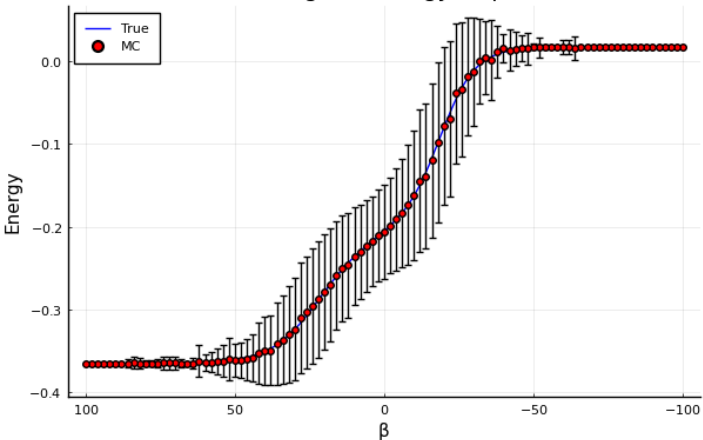


FIGURE 14. Minimum energy SAPs for lengths 6 though 16.

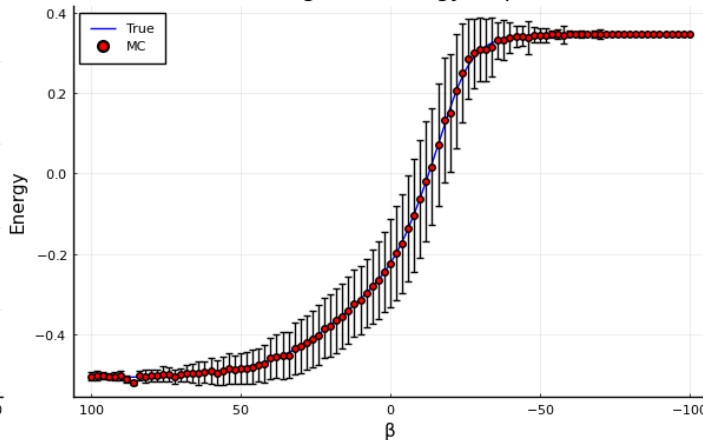


Average Energy vs β Curves

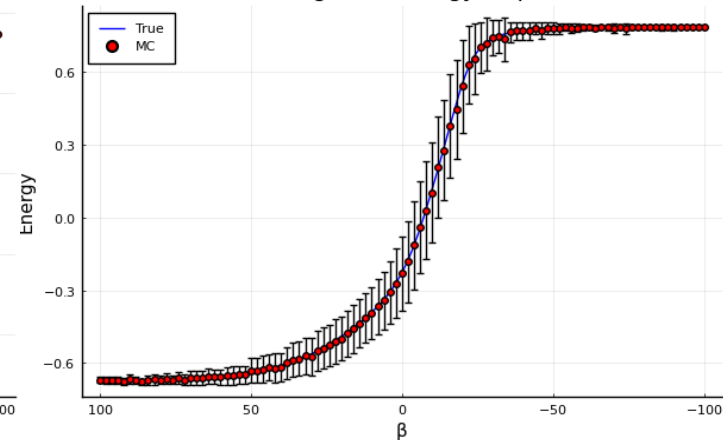
Length 8 Energy vs β



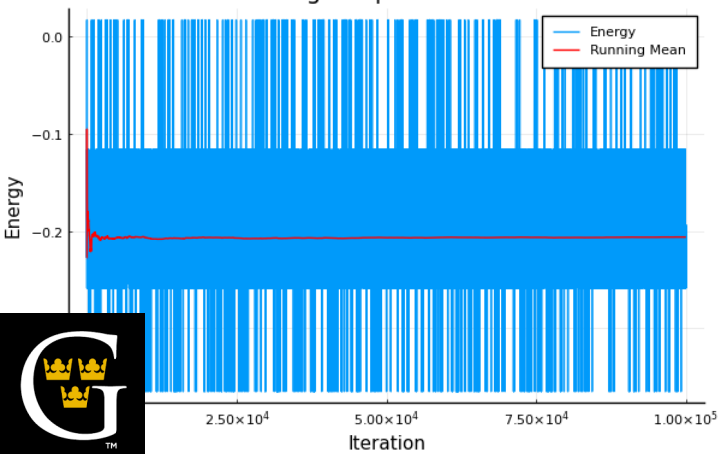
Length 12 Energy vs β



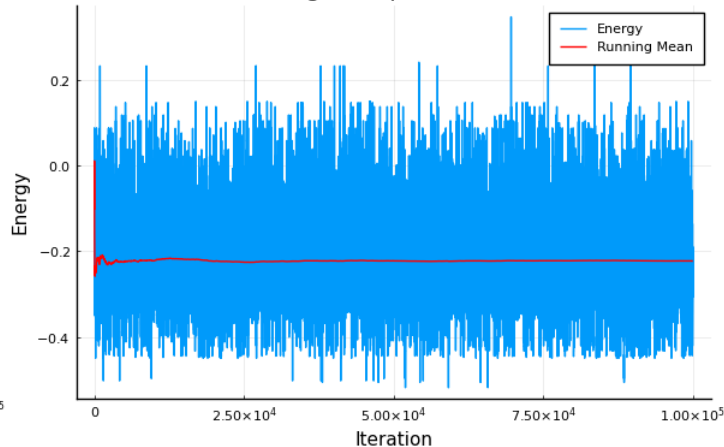
Length 16 Energy vs β



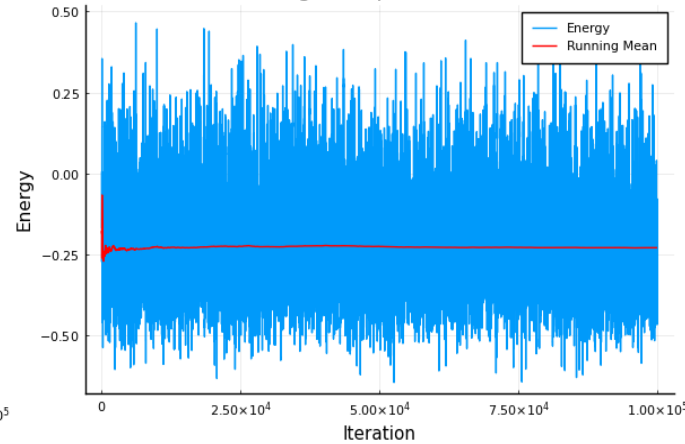
Length 8 $\beta=0$ Means



Length 12 $\beta=0$ Means

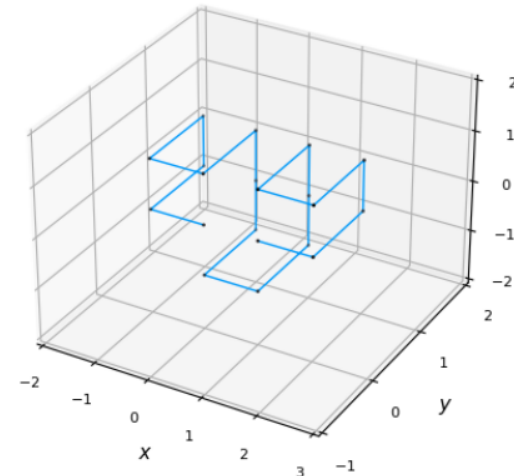
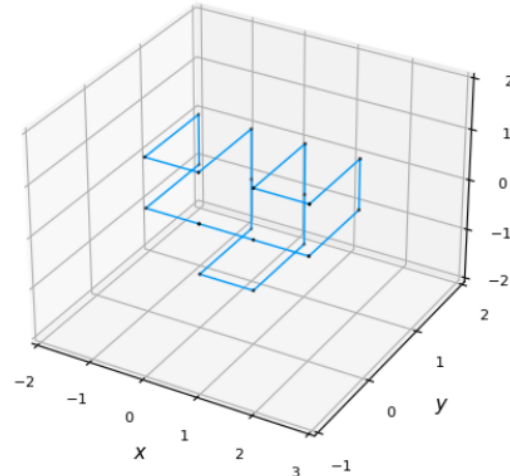
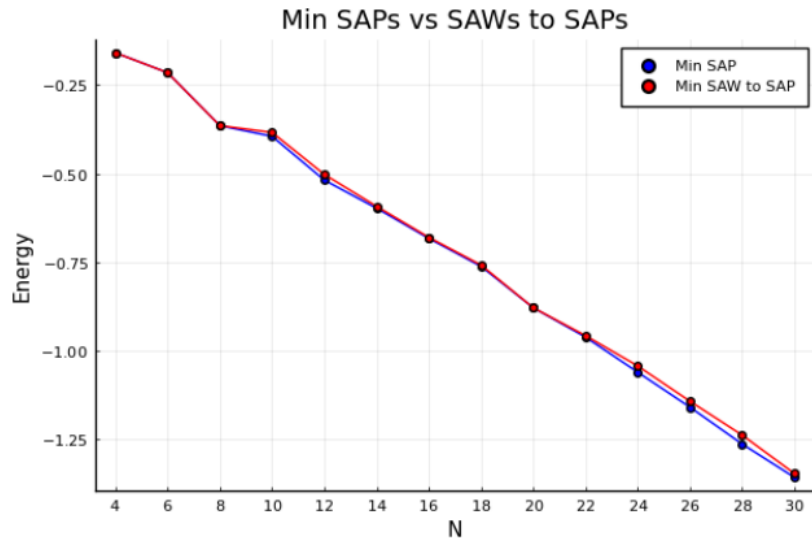


Length 16 $\beta=0$ Means



Comparison of Minima SAPs and SAWs

- For small N , directly compared minimum energy SAWs to SAPs due to SAWs wanting to close on themselves

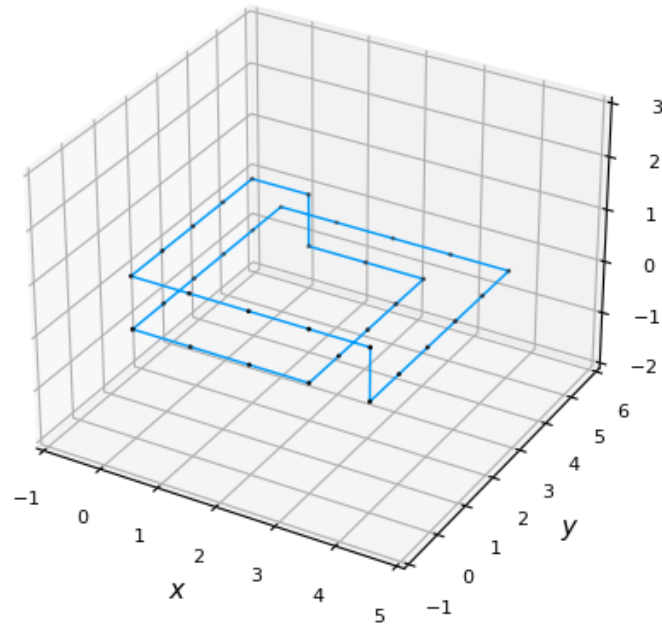


New Maximum
Configuration



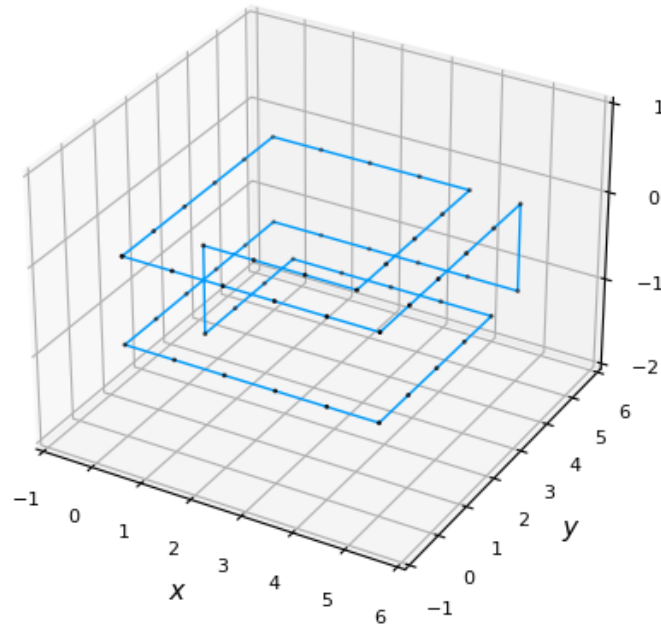
Double-Loop Configuration

- Interesting new pattern discovered for $N \geq 34$



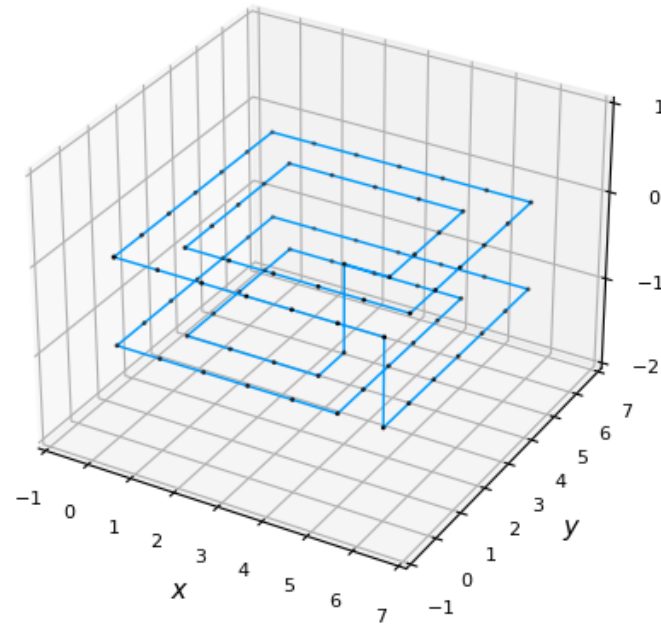
Triple-Loop Configuration

- Pattern for $N \geq 54$



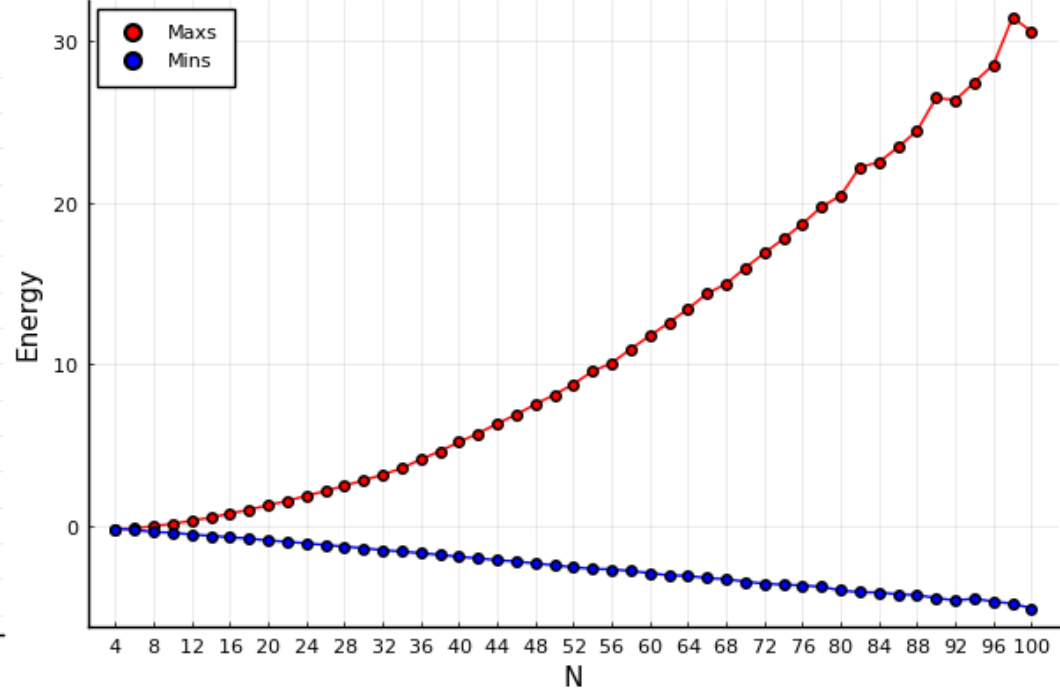
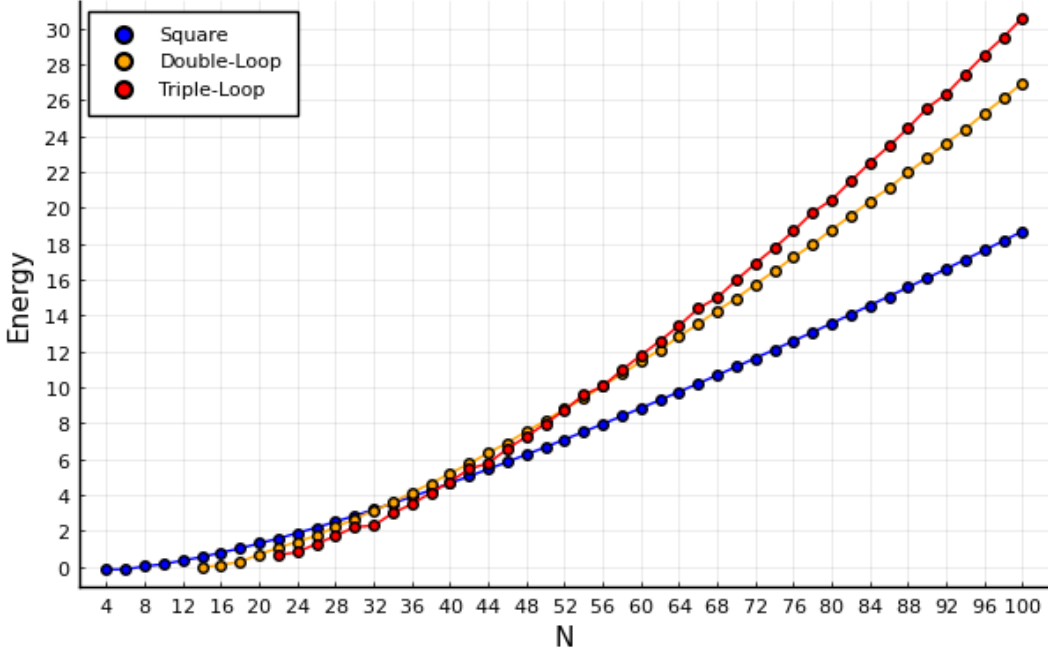
Quadruple-Loop Configuration

- $N = 82$



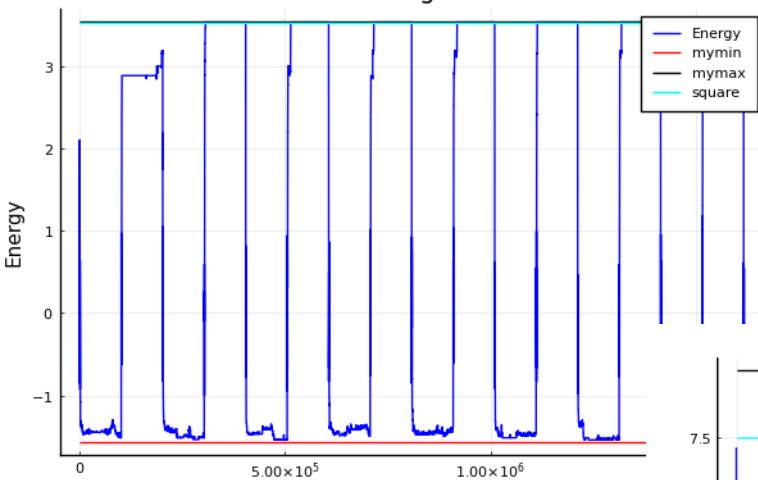
Double and Triple-Loop Energies

Square, Double, and Triple Loop SAPs

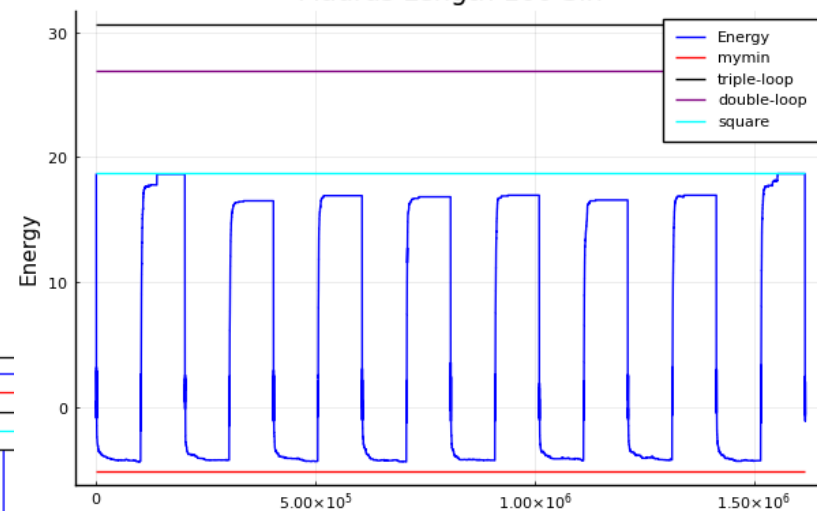


Issue with MCMC

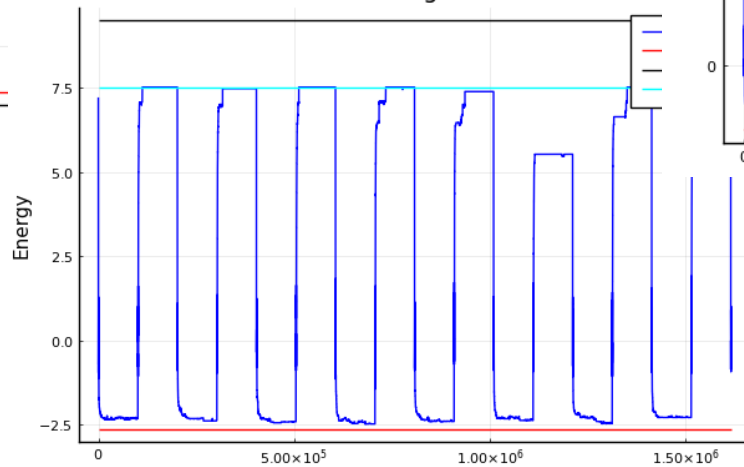
Madras Length 34 Sin



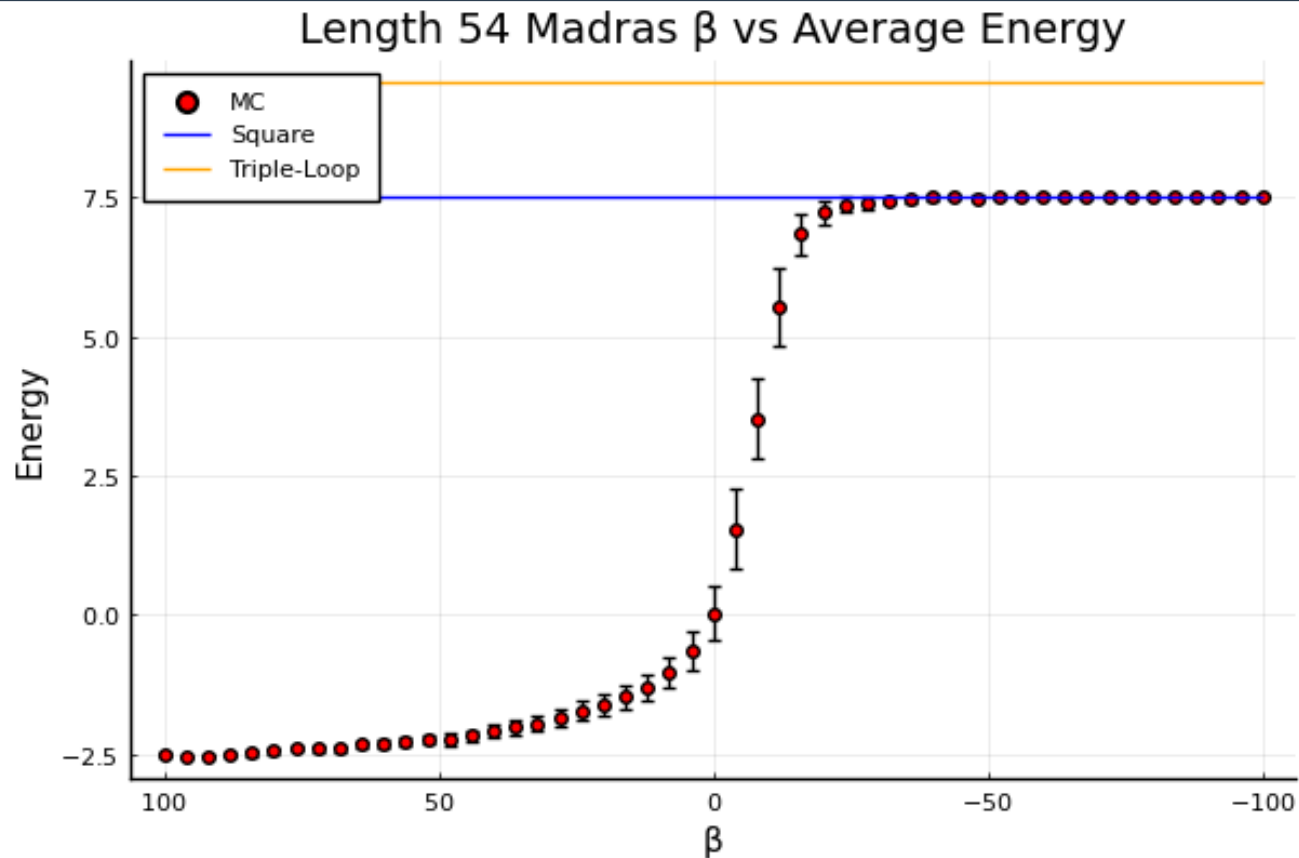
Madras Length 100 Sin



Madras Length 54 Sin



Issue with MCMC



Conclusion

Takeaways and Future Work

- Enumeration through length 16, exact minima
- Implementation of transformations for MCMC with SAPs
- Minimum energy SAPs and SAWs were not exact in general (19)
- Discovery of new maximum energy configuration
- **Future Work:** Test/create new moves to discover multi-loops



Thank you!!
Questions?



Citations

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